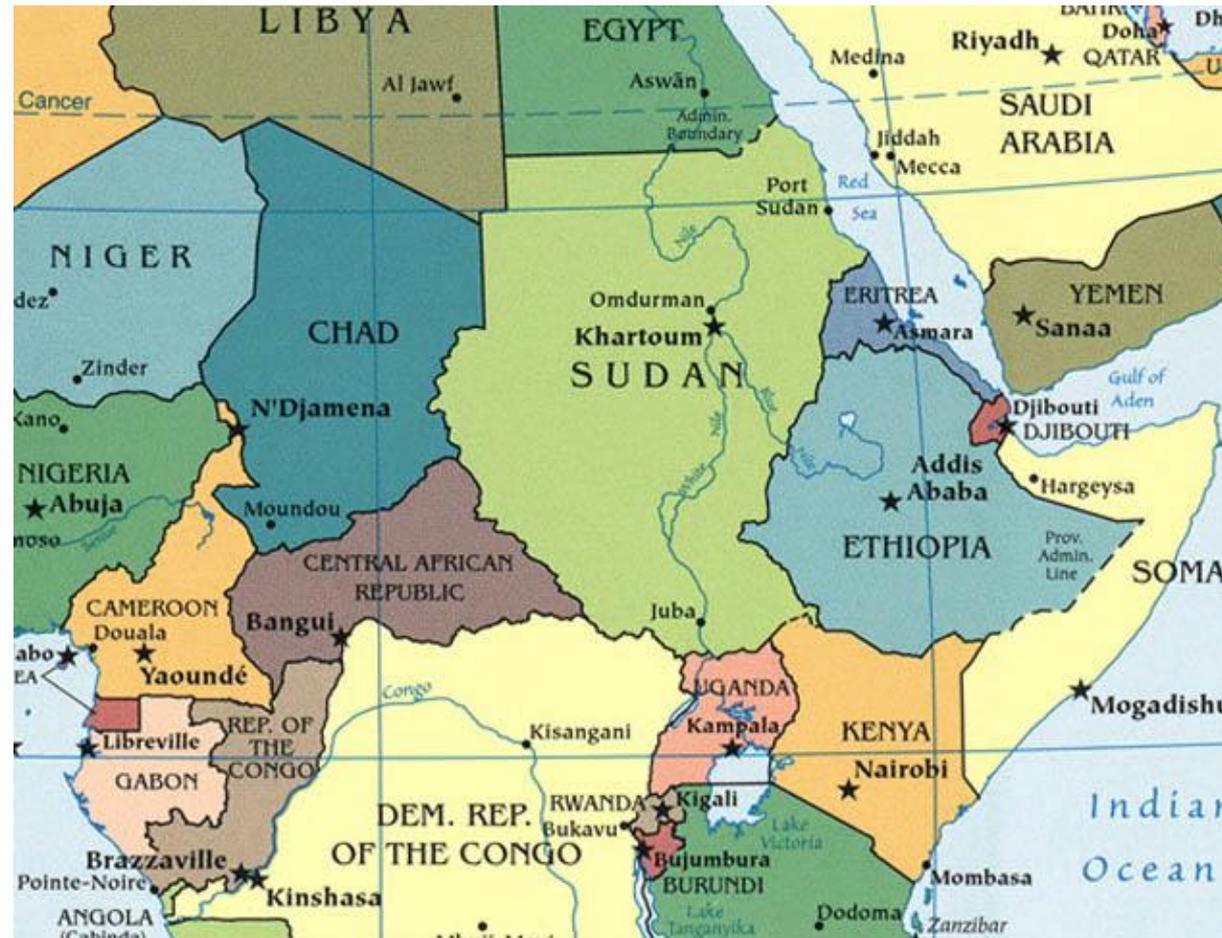


Central and East Africa

This is often the part we imagine
when we think of “Africa.”

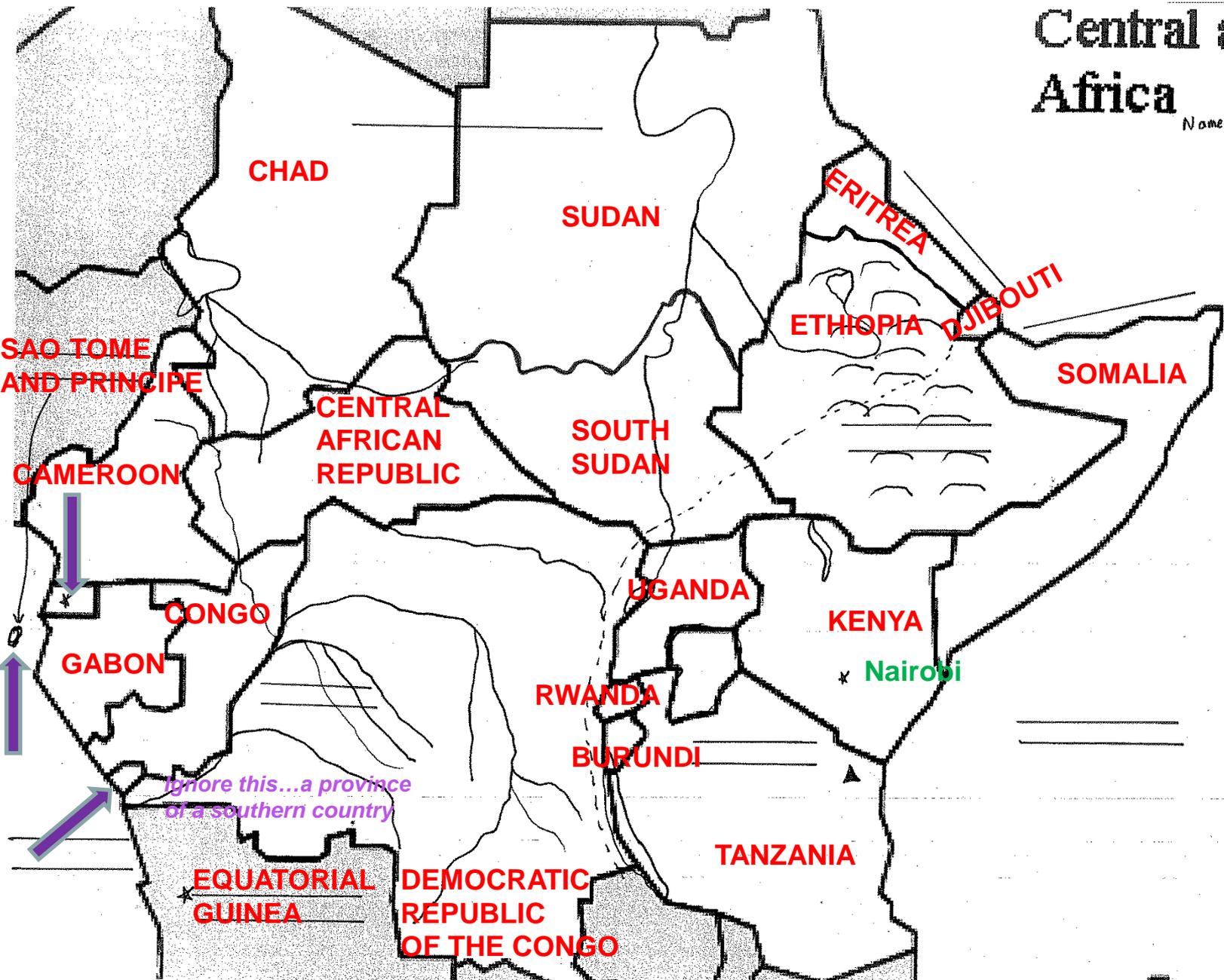
Where is Eastern Africa?

- Ethiopia (ee-thee-OH-pee-uh)
- Eritrea (air-a-TREE-a)
- Djibouti (jih-BOO-tee)
- Somalia (sa-MAH-lee-uh)
- Kenya (KEN-yuh)
- Tanzania (tan-zuh-NEE-uh)
- Burundi (ba-RuN-dee)
- Rwanda (ra-wan-duh)
- Uganda (you-GAN-duh)
- Sudan (soo-DAN)
- South Sudan
- Central African Republic
- Democratic Rep. of Congo
- Congo
- Gabon (gah-BON)
- Equatorial Guinea (GhIN-ee)
- Cameroon (kam-uh-ROON)
- Chad
- Sao Tome (sow-toe-MAY) & Principe (PRIN-suh-pay)



Central and Eastern Africa

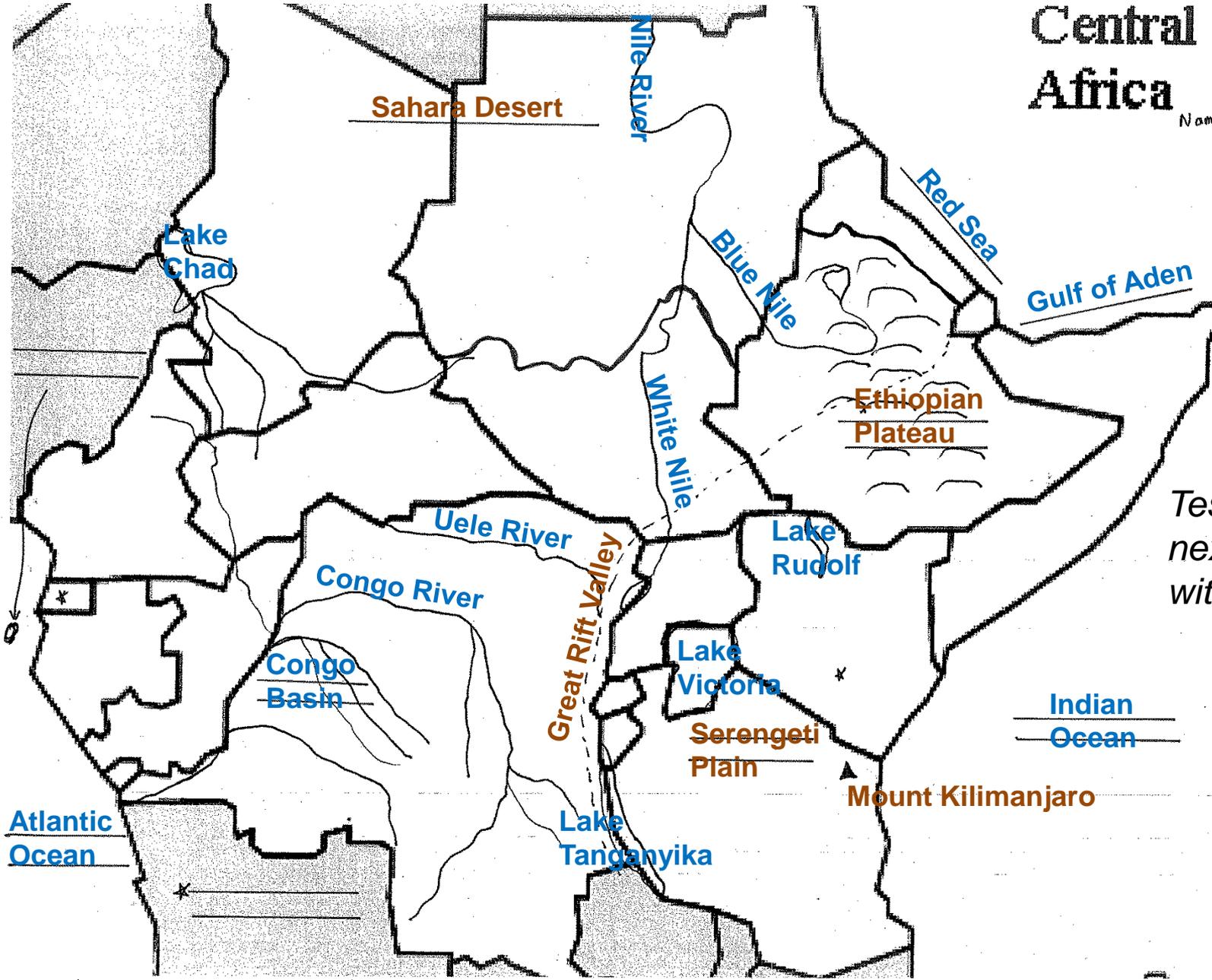
Name: _____



Political part: COUNTRIES and Capitals/New Church Groups

Central and Eastern Africa

Name: _____



Test is next Tuesday with word bank

Physical part: **Water forms** and **Land forms**

Only 3% of Chad's land is used for agriculture, yet it is its primary economy. The 5th poorest country in the world.



Sudan is almost like two countries.



. Dry, arid north.
Mainly Islamic.



Wet swampy south
Mainly Christian.

South Sudan: the world's newest country, created in 2011; has over 150 languages, 85% of the population are illiterate,



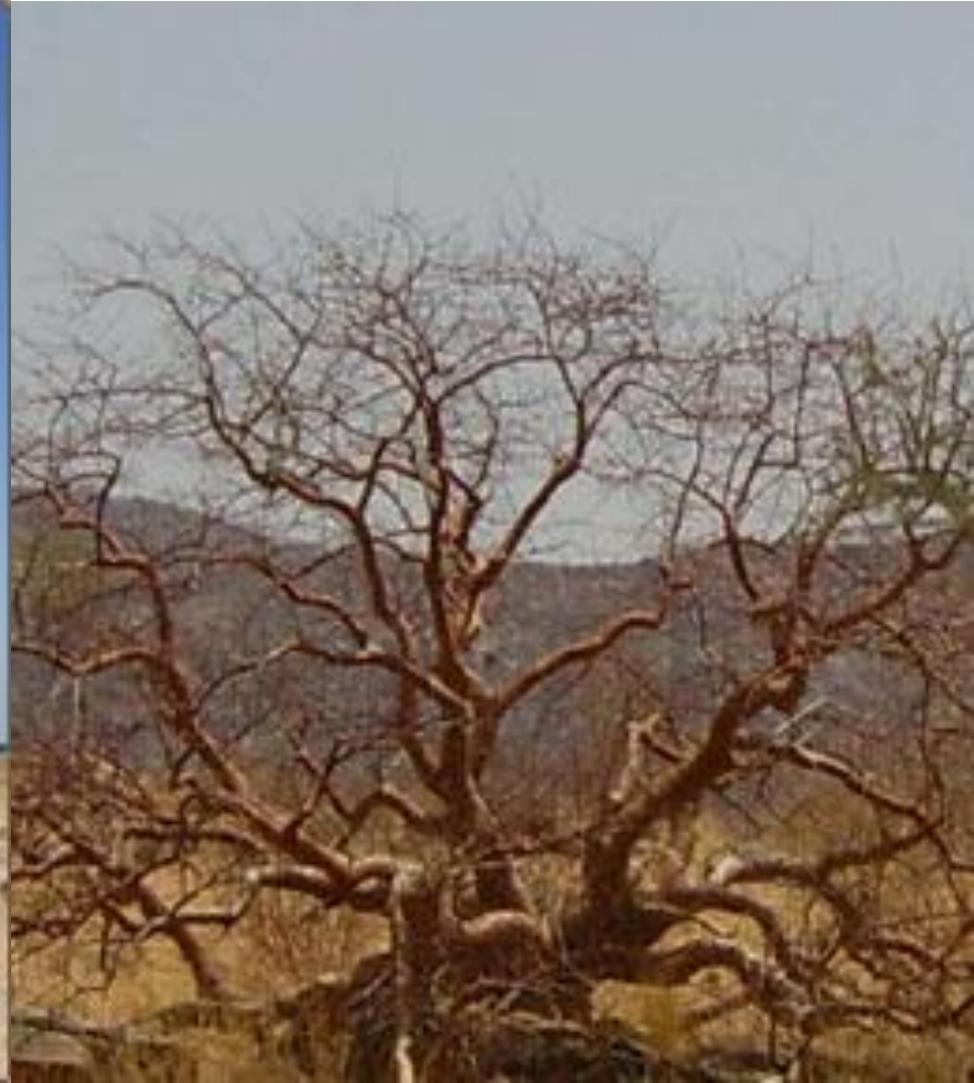
Eritrea became its own country in 1993; only 22% have access to safe drinking water.



Djibouti has the lowest point in Africa, Lake Assal: a crater lake that lies 509 feet below sea level



Somalia is where frankincense and myrrh are found.



Ethiopia is the oldest independent nation in Africa. Coffee was discovered in this nation; 70% of it is mountainous.



Kenya is known for the greatest variety of animals and plants.



Cattle are kept as a sign of wealth in Burundi;
most only eat meat 1-2 times a month



Rwanda is home to about 50% of the world's mountain gorillas...found only in Africa



About 2/3 of the Democratic Republic of Congo is still covered by rainforest.



Sao Tome and Principe is a country full of volcanic islands.



Hydroelectric power provides most of the electricity for Cameroon.



Central African Republic is known for its diamonds; almost every African animal of the Tropics are found there.



Mount Kilimanjaro is the highest mountain in Africa; it is a dormant volcano.



The Serengeti plain is home to a national park for all African animals.



The Great Rift Valley is a depression extending more than 3000 miles.



The Congo River is the second longest river in Africa.



Lake Tanganyika is the world's longest freshwater lake; it's the second deepest lake in the world.



Lake Rudolf is now called Lake Turkana—a shallow, narrow lake



Lake Victoria is the second largest freshwater lake in the world.



The Gulf of Aden connects the Red Sea to the Indian Ocean.

